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431.222 Definitions concerning traffic signal modules and pedestrian modules.

TEST PROCEDURES

431.223 Materials incorporated by reference. 431.224 Uniform test method for the measurement of energy consumption for traffic signal modules and pedestrian modules.

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

431.226 Energy conservation standards and their effective dates.

Subpart N—Unit Heaters

431.241 Purpose and scope.

431.242 Definitions concerning unit heaters.

TEST PROCEDURES [RESERVED]

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

431.246 Energy conservation standards and their effective dates.

Subpart O—Commercial Prerinse Spray Valves

431.261 Purpose and scope.

 $\begin{array}{lll} 431.262 & \text{Definitions} & \text{concerning} & \text{commercial} \\ & \text{prerinse spray valves}. \end{array}$

TEST PROCEDURES

431.263 Materials incorporated by reference. 431.264 Uniform test method for the measurement of flow rate for commercial prerinse spray valves.

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

431.266 Energy conservation standards and their effective dates.

Subpart P—Mercury Vapor Lamp Ballasts

431.281 Purpose and scope.

431.282 Definitions concerning mercury vapor lamp ballasts.

TEST PROCEDURES [RESERVED]

ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS

431.286 Energy conservation standards and their effective dates.

Subpart Q—Refrigerated Bottled or Canned Beverage Vending Machines

431.291 Scope.

431.292 Definitions concerning refrigerated bottled or canned beverage vending machines.

TEST PROCEDURES

431.293 Materials incorporated by reference. 431.294 Uniform test method for the measurement of energy consumption of refrig-

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erated bottled or canned beverage vending machines.

Subparts R-T [Reserved]

Subpart U—Enforcement

431.381 Purpose and scope.

431.382 Prohibited acts.

431.383 Enforcement process for electric motors.

431.384 [Reserved]

431.385 Cessation of distribution of a basic model of an electric motor.

431.386 Remedies.

431.387 Hearings and appeals.

APPENDIX A TO SUBPART U OF PART 431—SAM-PLING PLAN FOR ENFORCEMENT TESTING OF ELECTRIC MOTORS

Subpart V—General Provisions

431.401 Petitions for waiver, and applications for interim waiver, of test procedure.

431.402 Preemption of State regulations for commercial HVAC & WH products.

431.403 Maintenance of records.

431.404 Imported equipment.

431.405 Exported equipment. 431.406 Subpoena.

431.407 Confidentiality.

Subpart W—Petitions To Exempt State Regulation From Preemption; Petitions To Withdraw Exemption of State Regulation

431.421 Purpose and scope.

431.422 Prescriptions of a rule.

431.423 Filing requirements.

431.424 Notice of petition.

431.425 Consolidation.

431.426 Hearing.

431.427 Disposition of petitions.

431.428 Effective dates of final rules.

431.429 Request for reconsideration.

431.430 Finality of decision.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 6291–6317.

SOURCE: 64 FR 54141, Oct. 5, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§431.1 Purpose and scope.

This part establishes the regulations for the implementation of provisions relating to commercial and industrial equipment in Part B of Title III of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6291-6309) and in Part C of Title III of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6311-6317),

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which establishes an energy conservation program for certain commercial and industrial equipment.

[70 FR 60414, Oct. 18, 2005]

§ 431.2 Definitions.

The following definitions apply for purposes of this part. Any words or terms not defined in this Section or elsewhere in this Part shall be defined as provided in Section 340 of the Act.

Act means the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6291-6316.

Btu means British thermal unit, which is the quantity of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water by one degree Fahrenheit.

Covered equipment means any electric motor, as defined in §431.12; commercial heating, ventilating, and air conditioning, and water heating product (HVAC & WH product), as defined in § 431.172: commercial refrigerator. freezer, or refrigerator-freezer, as defined in §431.62; automatic commercial ice maker, as defined in §431.132; commercial clothes washer, as defined in §431.152; distribution transformer, as defined in §431.192; illuminated exit sign, as defined in §431.202; traffic signal module or pedestrian module, as defined in §431.222; unit heater, as defined in §431.242; commercial prerinse spray valve, as defined in §431,262; mercury vapor lamp ballast, as defined in §431.282; or refrigerated bottled or canned beverage vending machine, as defined in §431.292.

DOE or the Department means the U.S. Department of Energy.

EPCA means the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6291-6316.

Gas means propane or natural gas as defined by the Federal Power Commission.

ISO means International Organization for Standardization.

Manufacture means to manufacture, produce, assemble, or import.

Manufacturer means any person who manufactures industrial equipment, including any manufacturer of a commercial packaged boiler.

Secretary means the Secretary of Energy.

State means a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States.

State regulation means a law or regulation of a State or political subdivision thereof.

[69 FR 61923, Oct. 21, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 71369, Dec. 8, 2006]

Subpart B—Electric Motors

Source: 69 FR 61923, Oct. 21, 2004, unless otherwise noted

§431.11 Purpose and scope.

This subpart contains energy conservation requirements for electric motors. It contains test procedures that EPCA requires DOE to prescribe, related requirements, energy conservation standards prescribed by EPCA, labeling rules, and compliance procedures. It also identifies materials incorporated by reference in this part.

§ 431.12 Definitions.

The following definitions apply for purposes of this subpart, and of subparts K through M of this part. Any words or terms not defined in this Section or elsewhere in this Part shall be defined as provided in Section 340 of the Act.

Accreditation means recognition by an accreditation body that a laboratory is competent to test the efficiency of electric motors according to the scope and procedures given in Test Method B of Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard 112–1996, Test Procedure for Polyphase Induction Motors and Generators, and Test Method (1) of CSA Standard C390–93, Energy Efficient Test Methods for Three-Phase Induction Motors. (Incorporated by reference, see § 431.15)

Accreditation body means an organization or entity that conducts and administers an accreditation system and grants accreditation.

Accreditation system means a set of requirements to be fulfilled by a testing laboratory, as well as rules of procedure and management, that are used to accredit laboratories.

Accredited laboratory means a testing laboratory to which accreditation has been granted.